

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Clone ID	DM72
Target	Mesothelin
Synonyms	MSLN; Mesothelin; MPF
Host Species	Rabbit
Description	Anti-mesothelin antibody(DM72); Rabbit mAb
Delivery	In Stock
Uniprot ID	Q13421
IgG type	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Reactivity	Human
Applications	ELISA; Flow Cyt
Recommended Dilutions	ELISA 1:5000-10000; Flow Cyt 1:100
Purification	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
Endotoxin	Less than 1.0 EU/ μ g by the LAL method. For <1 EU/mg requirements, please contact us for customization.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
Storage&Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Sterility	Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 μ m) prior to use.
Background	This gene encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate two protein products; megakaryocyte potentiating factor and mesothelin. Megakaryocyte potentiating factor functions as a cytokine that can stimulate colony formation of bone marrow megakaryocytes. Mesothelin is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored cell-surface protein that may function as a cell adhesion protein. This protein is overexpressed in epithelial mesotheliomas; ovarian cancers and in specific squamous cell carcinomas. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants; at least one of which encodes an isoform that is proteolytically processed.
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated
DIMA Disclaimer	All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scr



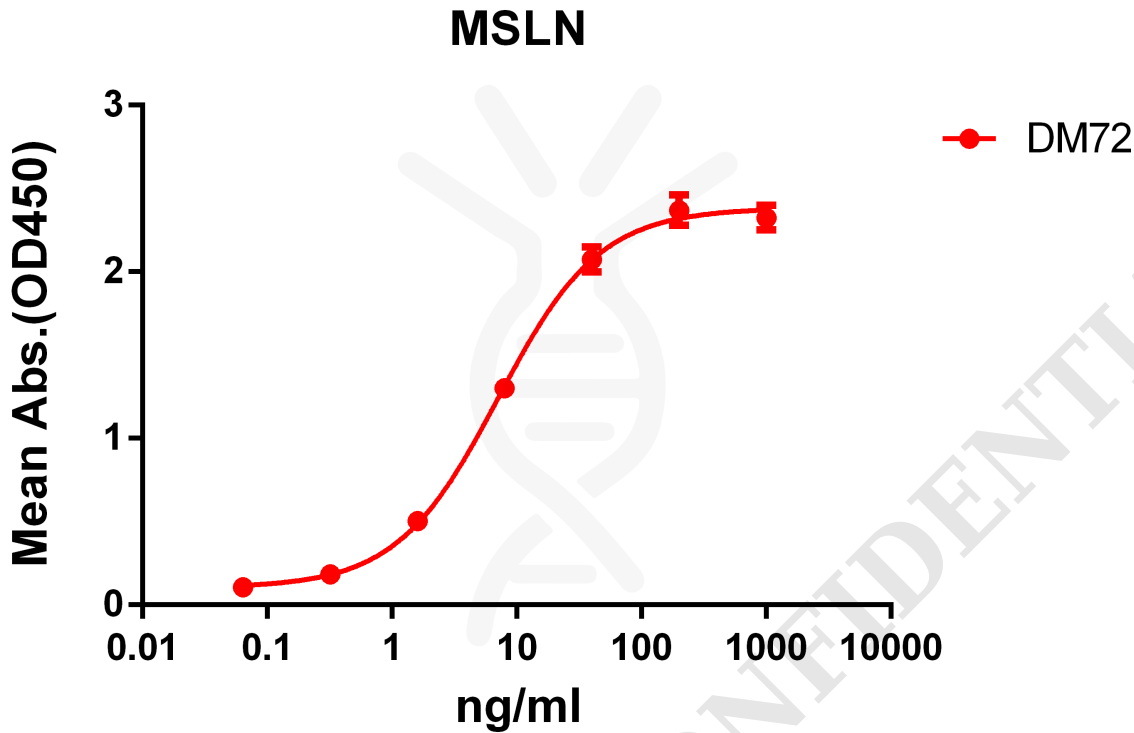


Figure 1. ELISA plate pre-coated by 2 µg/ml (100 µl/well) Human MSLN protein, mFc-His tagged protein PME100031 can bind Rabbit anti-MSLN monoclonal antibody (clone: DM72) in a linear range of 1-100 ng/ml.

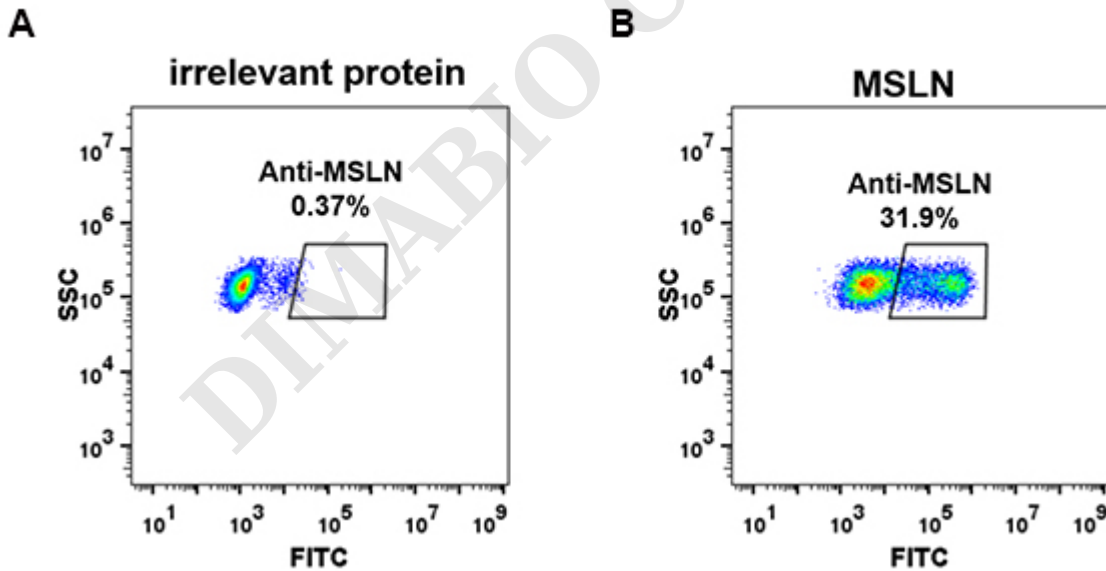


Figure 2. HEK293 cell line transfected with irrelevant protein (A) and human mesothelin (B) were surface stained with Rabbit anti-MSLN monoclonal antibody 1µg/ml (clone: DM72) followed by Alexa 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody.



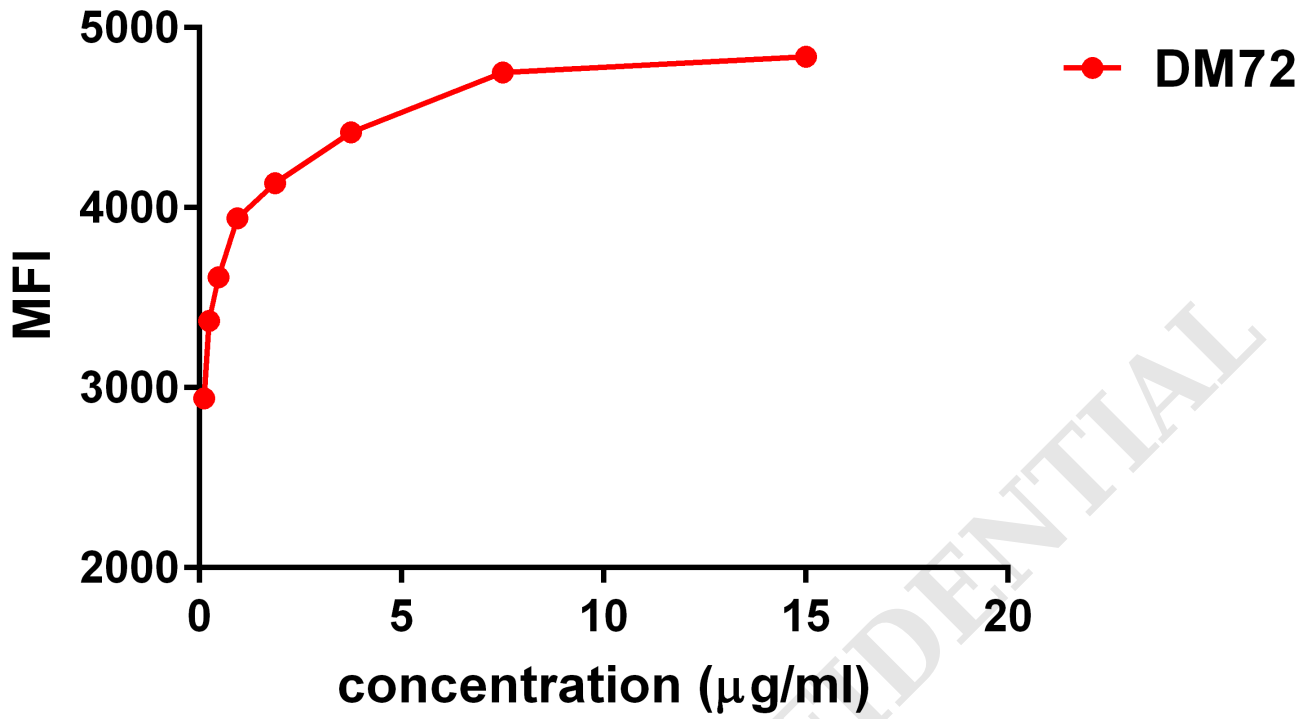


Figure 3. Flow cytometry data of serially titrated Rabbit anti-MSLN monoclonal antibody (clone: DM72) on Hela cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.

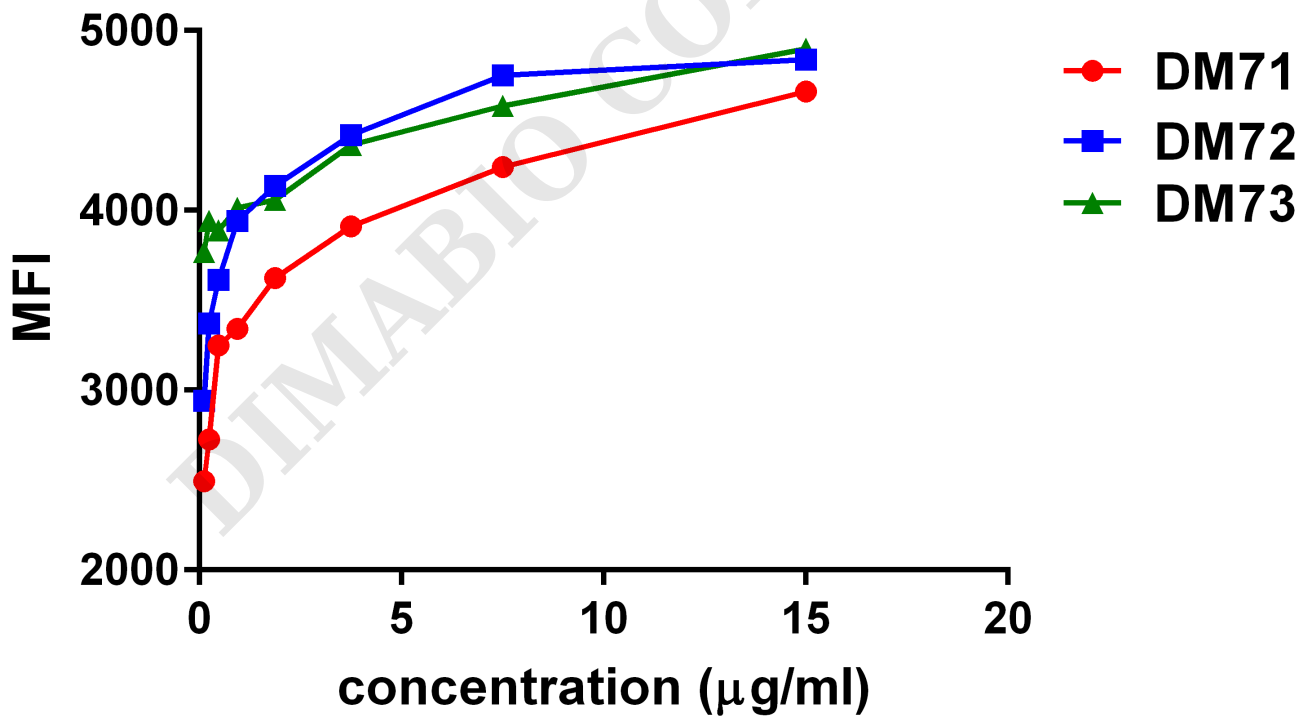


Figure 4. Affinity ranking of different Rabbit anti-MSLN mAb clones by titration of different concentration onto Hela cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.



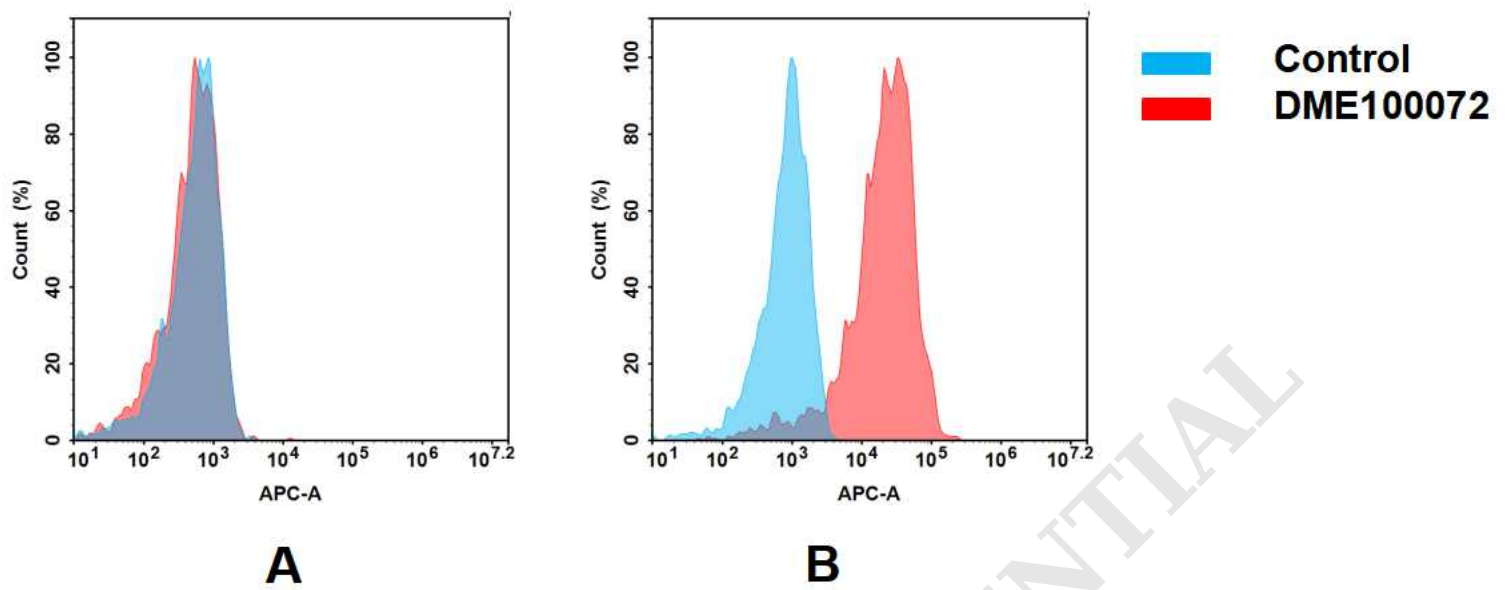


Figure 5. Flow cytometry analysis of antigen binding of rabbit anti-human Mesothelin mAb(DME100072).

(A) DME100072 does not bind to 293T cells that do not express Mesothelin.

(B) A clear peak shift of DME100072 was seen compared to the control when incubated with Mesothelin-expressing Hela cells, indicating strong binding of DME100072 to Mesothelin. Antibodies were incubated at 2 µg/mL.

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