Cat. No. PME100601



## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

MDR-1 **Target** 

ABC20;CD243;CLCS;GP170;MDR1;P-GP;PGY1 **Synonyms** 

Recombinant Human MDR-1(Phe72-Arg113) with Description

C-terminal human Fc tag

**Delivery** In Stock **Uniprot ID** P08183 **Expression Host HEK293** 

Tag C-Human Fc Tag

Molecular

Storage & Shipping

Background

MDR-1(Phe72-Arg113) hFc(Glu99-Ala330) Characterization

The protein has a predicted molecular mass of

30.9 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of MDR-1-hFc is **Molecular Weight** 

approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation. The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue

Purity staining.

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % Formulation & Reconstitution

- 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

The membrane-associated protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATPbinding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MDR/TAP subfamily. Members of the MDR/TAP subfamily are involved in multidrug

resistance. The protein encoded by this gene is an ATP-dependent drug efflux pump for xenobiotic compounds with broad substrate specificity. It is responsible for decreased drug accumulation in multidrug-resistant cells and often mediates the development of resistance to anticancer drugs. This protein also functions as a transporter in the blood-brain barrier. Mutations in this gene are associated with colchicine resistance and Inflammatory bowel disease 13.

Alternative splicing and the use of alternative promoters results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2017]

Usage Research use only



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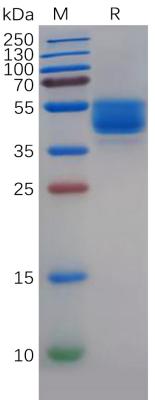


Figure 1. Human MDR-1 Phe72-Arg113 Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

