

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Target</b>	TNFSF11
<b>Synonyms</b>	CD254;hRANKL2;ODF;OPGL;OPTB2;RANKL;sOdf;TNLG6B;TRANCE
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant human TNFSF11 Protein with N-terminal Human Fc tag
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	O14788
<b>Expression Host</b>	HEK293
<b>Tag</b>	N-Human Fc Tag
<b>Molecular Characterization</b>	hFc(Glu99-Ala330) TNFSF11(Ile140-Asp317)
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 48.4 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of hFc-TNFSF11 is approximately 55-70 kDa due to glycosylation.
<b>Purity</b>	The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
<b>Storage&amp;Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Sterility</b>	Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 µm) prior to use.
<b>Background</b>	This gene encodes a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) cytokine family which is a ligand for osteoprotegerin and functions as a key factor for osteoclast differentiation and activation. This protein was shown to be a dendritic cell survival factor and is involved in the regulation of T cell-dependent immune response. T cell activation was reported to induce expression of this gene and lead to an increase of osteoclastogenesis and bone loss. This protein was shown to activate antiapoptotic kinase AKT/PKB through a signaling complex involving SRC kinase and tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor (TRAF) 6, which indicated this protein may have a role in the regulation of cell apoptosis. Targeted disruption of the related gene in mice led to severe osteopetrosis and a lack of osteoclasts. The deficient mice exhibited defects in early differentiation of T and B lymphocytes, and failed to form lobulo-alveolar mammary structures during pregnancy. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated



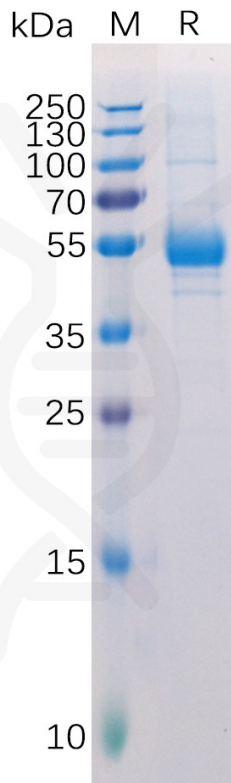


Figure 1. Human TNFSF11 Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

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