

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Clone ID | DM13 |
| Target | CD22 |
| Synonyms | SIGLEC-2; SIGLEC2 |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Description | Anti-CD22 antibody(DM13); Rabbit mAb |
| Delivery | In Stock |
| Uniprot ID | P20273 |
| IgG type | Rabbit IgG |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Applications | ELISA; Flow Cyt |
| Recommended Dilutions | Flow Cyt 1:100 |
| Purification | Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography |
| Endotoxin | Less than 1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method. For <1 EU/mg requirements, please contact us for customization. |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage&Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Sterility | Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 μm) prior to use. |
| Background | CD22 (CD22 Molecule) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with CD22 include Refractory Hematologic Cancer and Hairy Cell Leukemia. Among its related pathways are Downstream signaling events of B Cell Receptor (BCR) and Hematopoietic cell lineage. Gene Ontology (GO) annotations related to this gene include carbohydrate binding. An important paralog of this gene is SIGLEC2. |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |
| DIMA Disclaimer | All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scr |



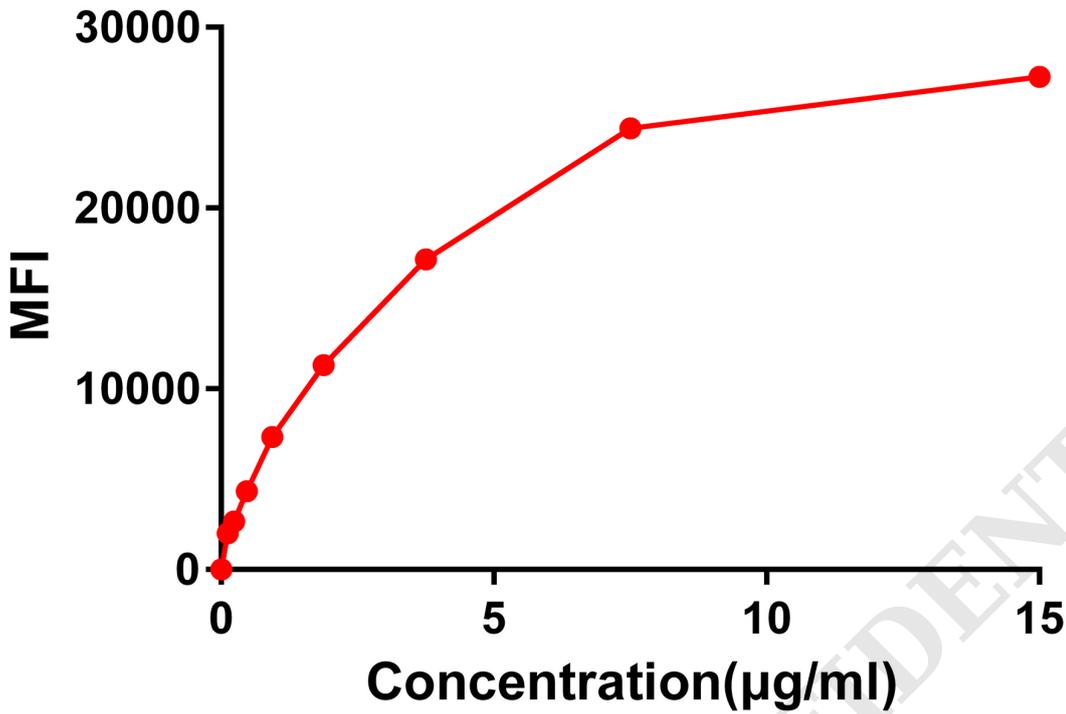


Figure 1. Flow cytometry data of serially titrated Rabbit anti-CD22 monoclonal antibody (clone: DM13) on Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.

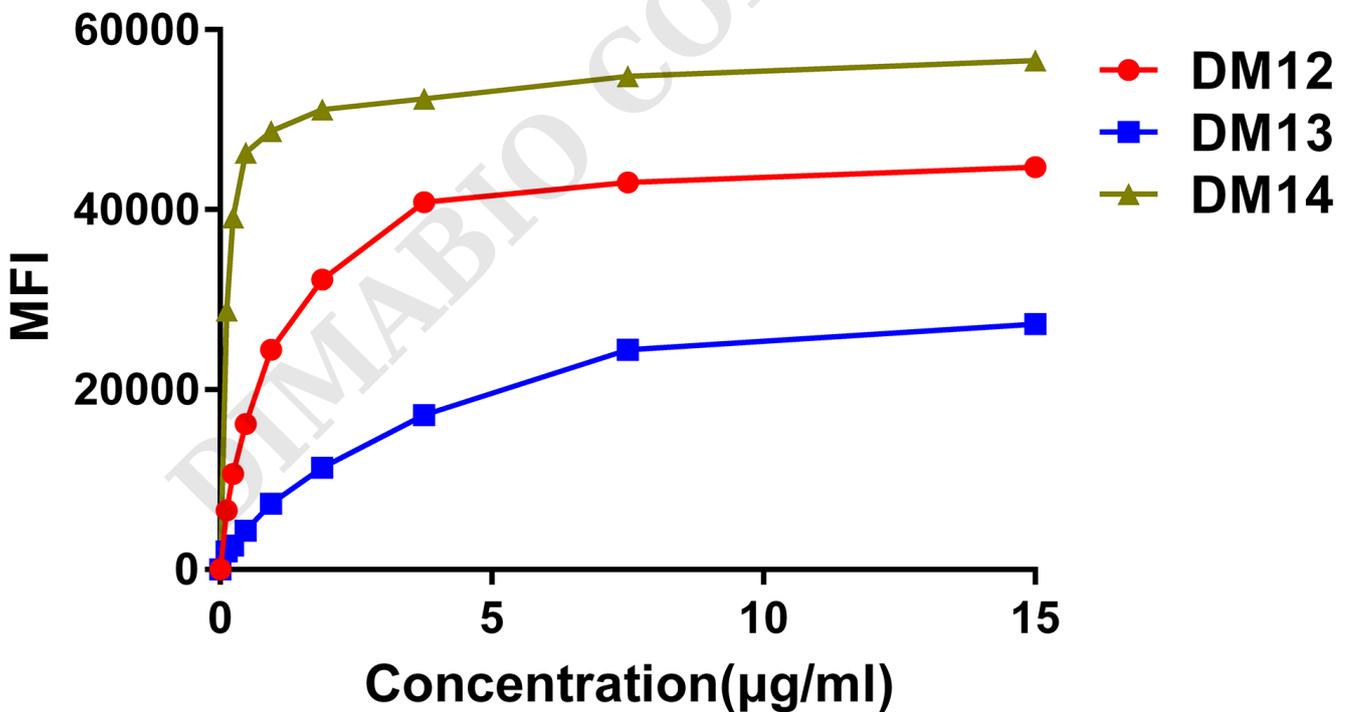


Figure 2. Affinity ranking of different Rabbit anti-CD22 mAb clones by titration of different concentration onto Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.



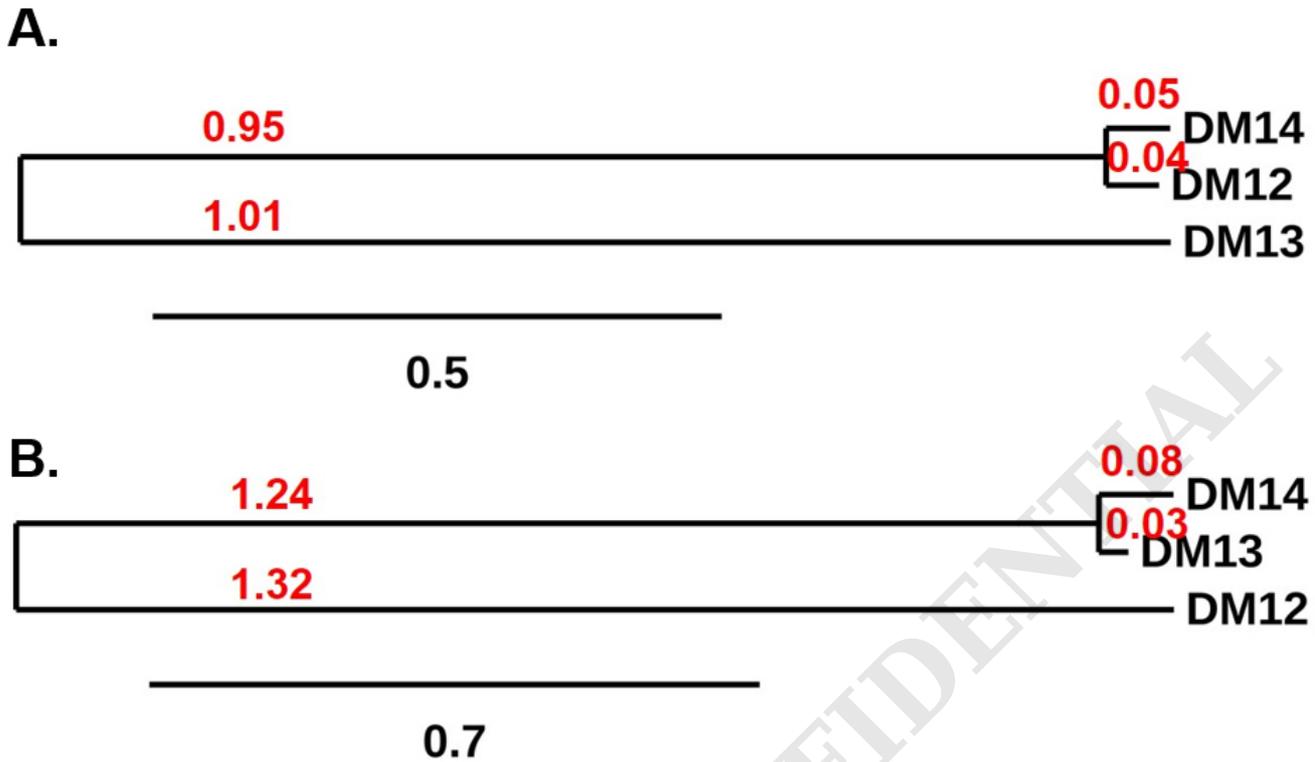


Figure 3. Phylogenetic analysis of amino acid sequence of different Rabbit Anti-CD22 mAb clones. A) Heavy chain and B) Light chain.

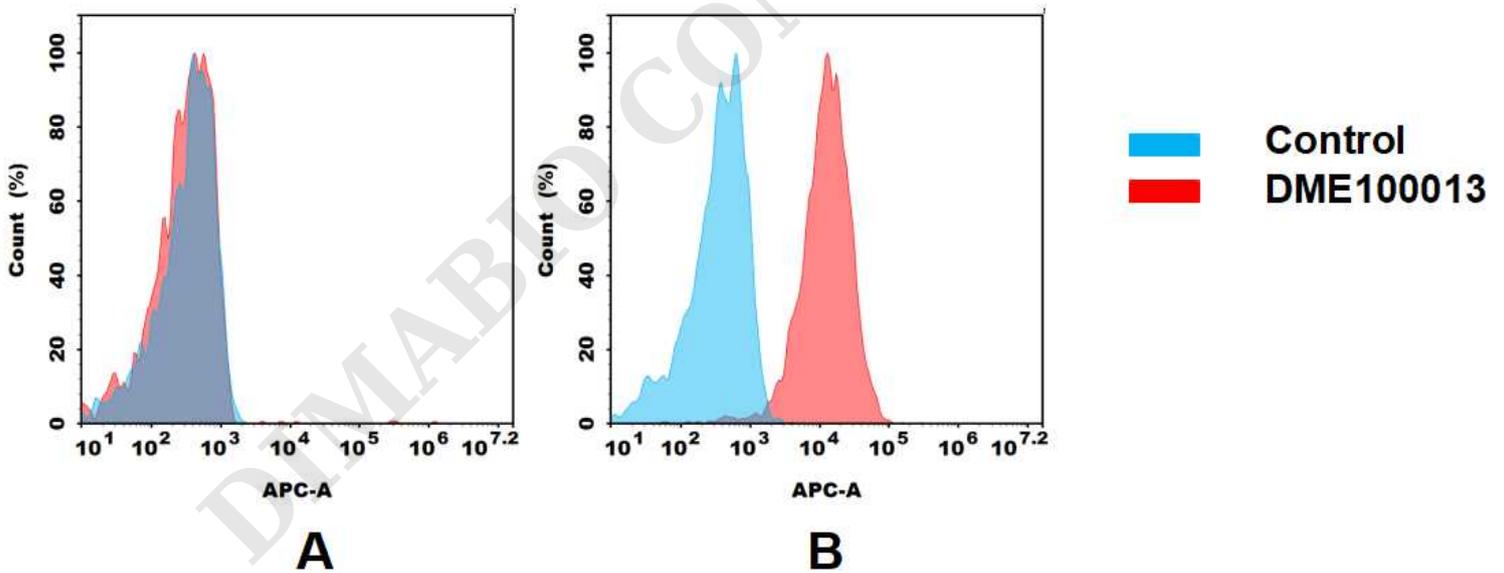


Figure 4. Flow cytometry analysis of antigen binding of rabbit anti-human CD22 mAb(DME100013).

(A) DME100013 does not bind to Jurkat cells that do not express CD22.

(B) A clear peak shift of DME100013 was seen compared to the control when incubated with CD22-expressing Raji cells, indicating strong binding of DME100013 to CD22. Antibodies were incubated at 10 μ g/mL.

