

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Clone ID	DM50
Target	CTLA-4
Synonyms	CTLA4; CD152
Host Species	Rabbit
Description	Anti-CTLA-4 antibody(DM50); Rabbit mAb
Delivery	In Stock
Uniprot ID	P16410
IgG type	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Reactivity	Human
Applications	ELISA; Flow Cyt
Recommended Dilutions	ELISA 1:5000-10000; Flow Cyt 1:100
Purification	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
Endotoxin	Less than 1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method. For <1 EU/mg requirements, please contact us for customization.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
Storage&Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Sterility	Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 μm) prior to use.
Background	This gene is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and encodes a protein which transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains a V domain; a transmembrane domain; and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate transcriptional splice variants; encoding different isoforms; have been characterized. The membrane-bound isoform functions as a homodimer interconnected by a disulfide bond; while the soluble isoform functions as a monomer. Mutations in this gene have been associated with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus; Graves disease; Hashimoto thyroiditis; celiac disease; systemic lupus erythematosus; thyroid-associated orbitopathy; and other autoimmune diseases.
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated
DIMA Disclaimer	All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scr



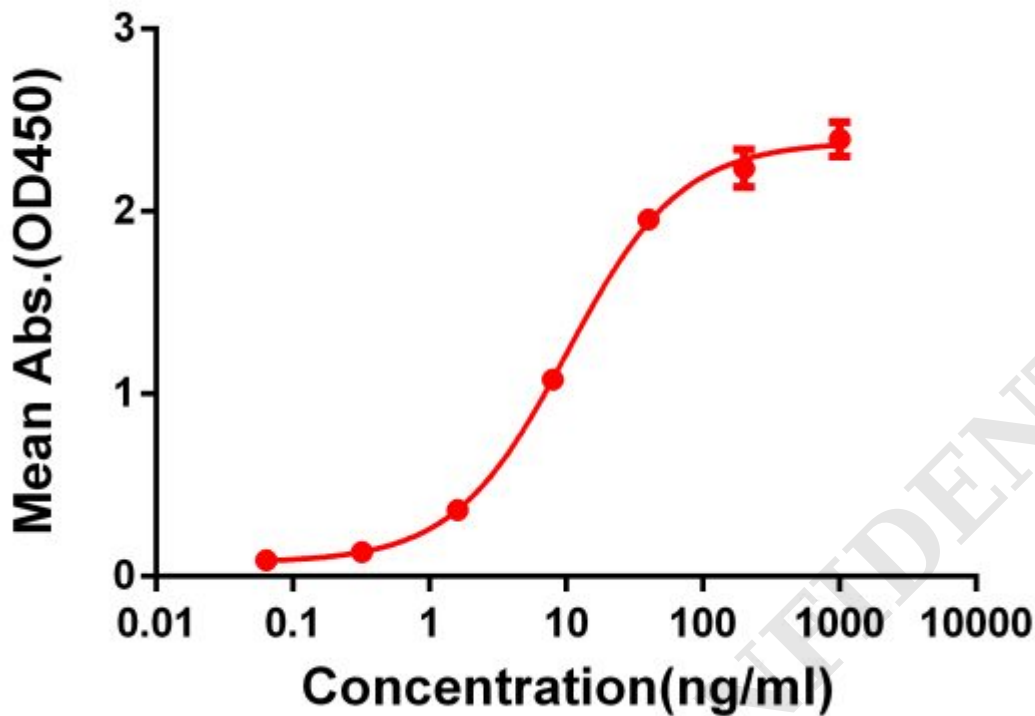


Figure 1. ELISA plate pre-coated by 2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ (100 $\mu\text{l/well}$) Human CTLA4 protein, mFc-His tagged protein ([getskuurl sku="PME100017"]) can bind Rabbit anti-CTLA4 monoclonal antibody (clone: DM50) in a linear range of 1-100 ng/ml.

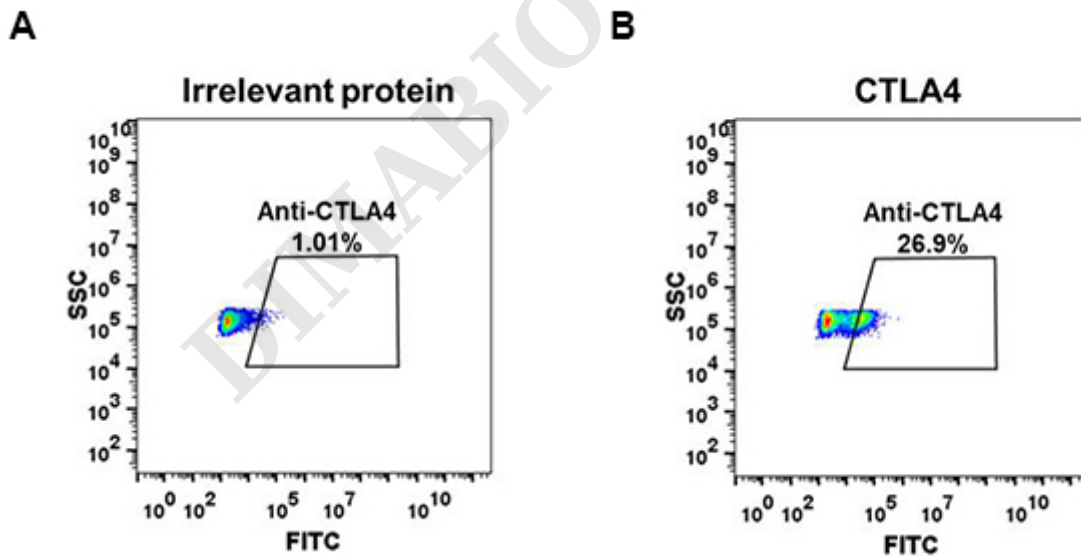


Figure 2. HEK293 cell line transfected with irrelevant protein (A) and human CTLA4 (B) were surface stained with Rabbit anti-CTLA4 monoclonal antibody 1 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ (clone: DM50) followed by Alexa 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody.



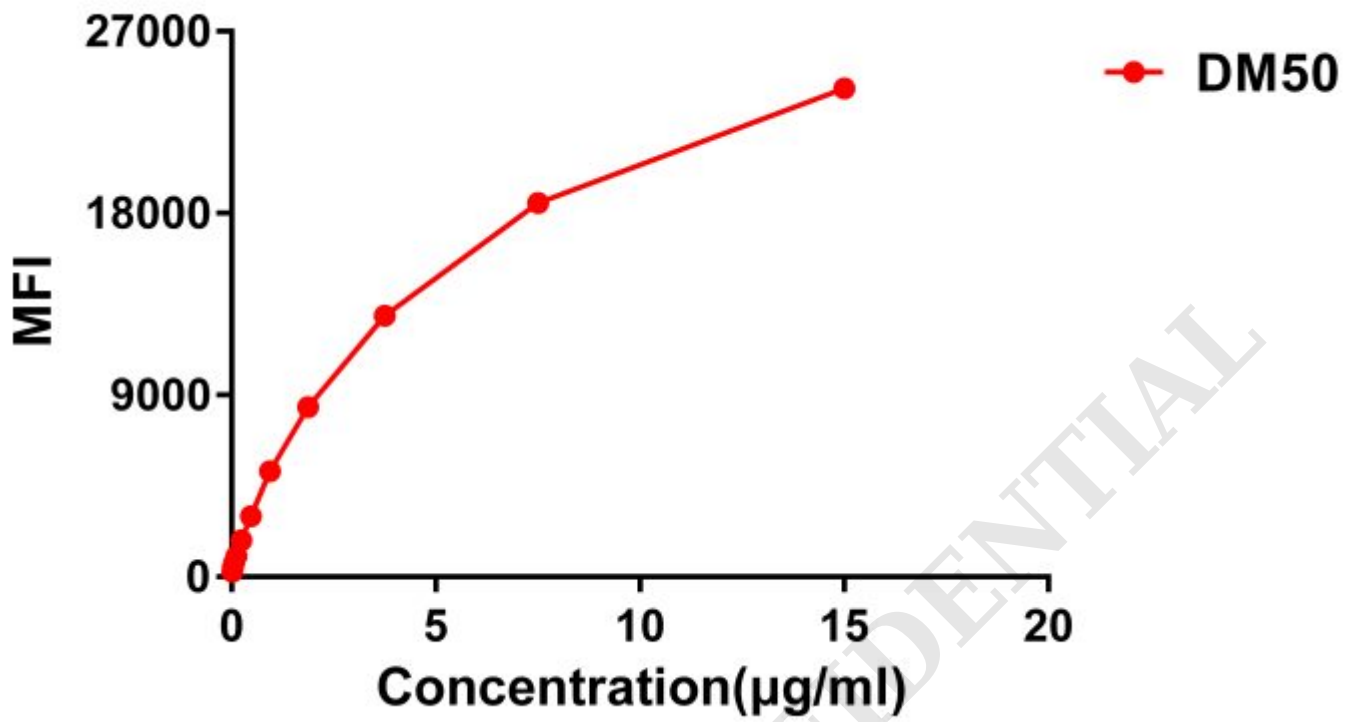


Figure 3. Flow cytometry data of serially titrated Rabbit anti-CTLA4 monoclonal antibody (**clone: DM50**) on Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.



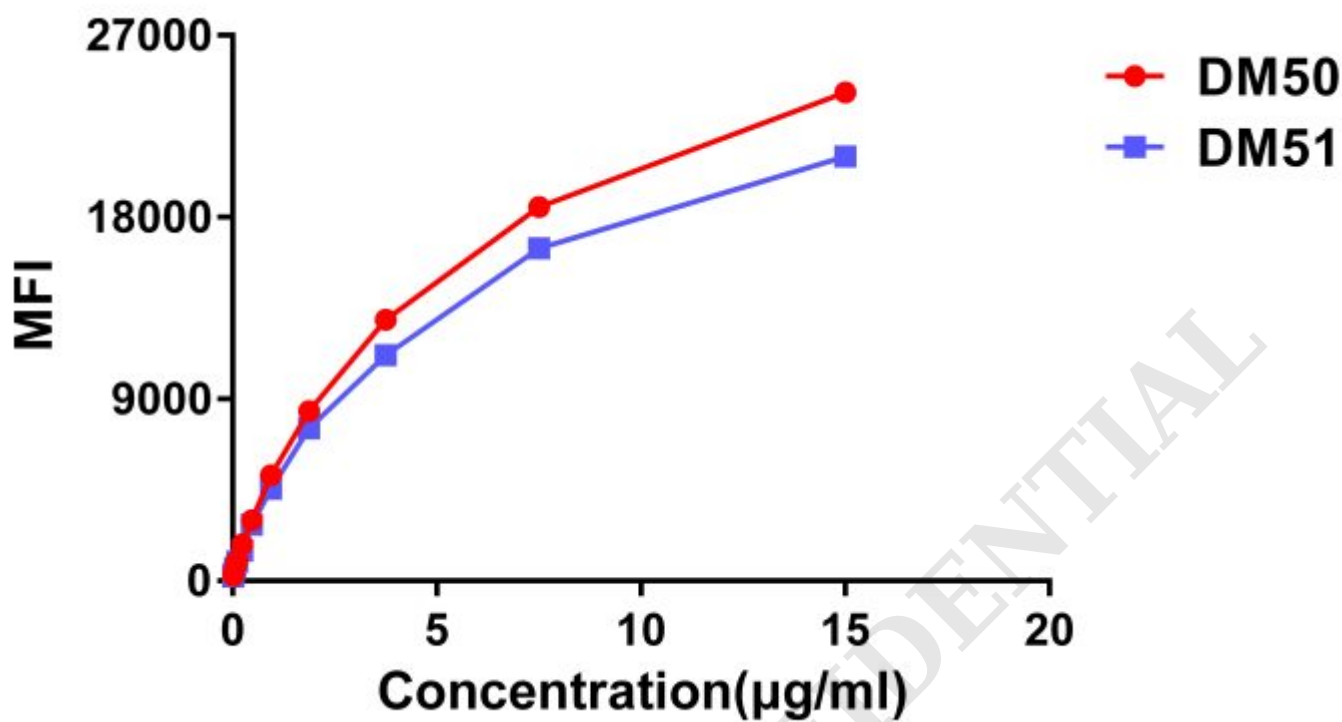


Figure 4. Affinity ranking of different Rabbit anti-CTLA4 mAb clones by titration of different concentration onto Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.

