

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

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|---|---|
| <b>Clone ID</b>                         | DMC499  |
| <b>Target</b>                           | CXCL1   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                         | FSP; GRO1; GROa; MGSA; MGSA-a; NAP-3; SCYB1   |
| <b>Host Species</b>                     | Rabbit  |
| <b>Description</b>                      | Anti-CXCL1 antibody(DMC499); IgG1 Chimeric mAb  |
| <b>Delivery</b>                         | In Stock  |
| <b>Uniprot ID</b>                       | P09341  |
| <b>IgG type</b>                         | Rabbit/Human Fc chimeric IgG1   |
| <b>Clonality</b>                        | Monoclonal  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>                       | Human   |
| <b>Applications</b>                     | Flow Cyt  |
| <b>Recommended Dilutions</b>            | Flow Cyt 1:100  |
| <b>Purification</b>                     | Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography   |
| <b>Endotoxin</b>                        | Less than 1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method. For <1 EU/mg requirements, please contact us for customization.  |
| <b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b> | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.  |
| <b>Storage&amp;Shipping</b>             | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.   |
| <b>Sterility</b>                        | Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 μm) prior to use.   |
| <b>Background</b>                       | This antimicrobial gene encodes a member of the CXC subfamily of chemokines. The encoded protein is a secreted growth factor that signals through the G-protein coupled receptor; CXC receptor 2. This protein plays a role in inflammation and as a chemoattractant for neutrophils. Aberrant expression of this protein is associated with the growth and progression of certain tumors. A naturally occurring processed form of this protein has increased chemotactic activity. Alternate splicing results in coding and non-coding variants of this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 4. [provided by RefSeq; Sep 2014] |
| <b>Usage</b>                            | Research use only   |
| <b>Conjugate</b>                        | Unconjugated  |
| <b>DIMA Disclaimer</b>                  | All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scr  |



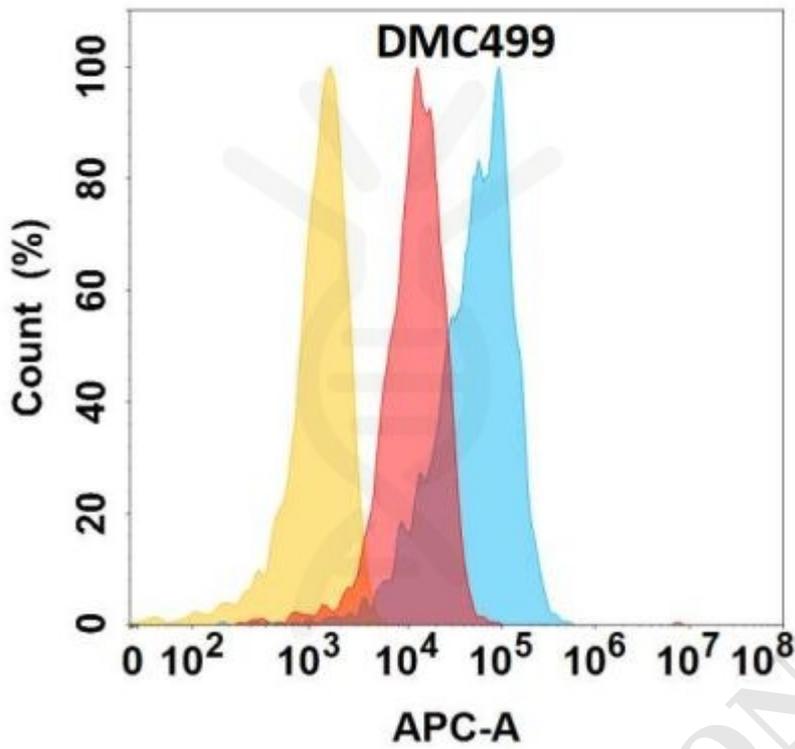


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis with Anti-CXCL1 (DMC499) on HEK293 cells transfected with human CXCL1 (Blue histogram) or HEK293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Red histogram), and Isotype antibody on HEK293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Orange histogram).

