

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	CD209
Synonyms	CDSIGN; CLEC4L; DC-SIGN; DC-SIGN1; hDC-SIGN
Description	Recombinant human CD209 Protein with N-terminal 6×His tag
Delivery	In Stock
Uniprot ID	Q9NNX6
Expression Host	HEK293
Tag	N-6×His tag
Molecular Characterization	6×His tag CD209(Gln59-Ala404)
Molecular Weight	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 40.3 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of His-CD209 is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.
Purity	The purity of the protein is greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
Storage&Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	This gene encodes a C-type lectin that functions in cell adhesion and pathogen recognition. This receptor recognizes a wide range of evolutionarily divergent pathogens with a large impact on public health, including leprosy and tuberculosis mycobacteria, the Ebola, hepatitis C, HIV-1 and Dengue viruses, and the SARS-CoV acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus. The protein is organized into four distinct domains: a C-terminal carbohydrate recognition domain, a flexible tandem-repeat neck domain, a transmembrane region and an N-terminal cytoplasmic domain involved in internalization. This gene is closely related in terms of both sequence and function to a neighboring gene, CLEC4M (Gene ID: 10332), also known as L-SIGN. The two genes differ in viral recognition and expression patterns, with this gene showing high expression on the surface of dendritic cells. Polymorphisms in the neck region are associated with protection from HIV-1 infection, while single nucleotide polymorphisms in the promoter of this gene are associated with differing resistance and susceptibility to and severity of infectious disease, including rs4804803, which is associated with SARS severity. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated



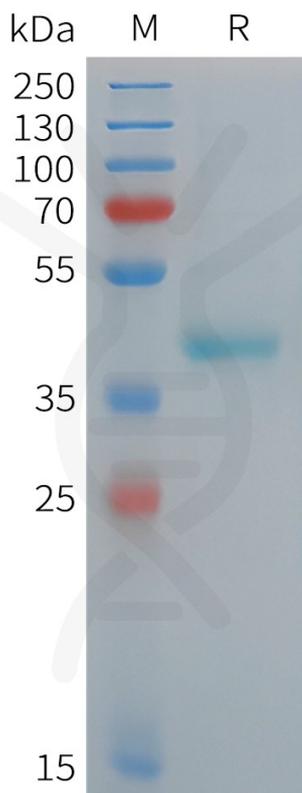


Figure 1. Human CD209 Protein, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

