

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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|------------------------------|---|
| Target | CD26 |
| Synonyms | ADABP;ADCP2;CD26;DPPIV;TP103 |
| Description | Recombinant Human CD26 with C-terminal 6×His tag |
| Delivery | In Stock |
| Uniprot ID | P27487 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Tag | C-6×His Tag |
| Molecular Characterization | CD26(Asp34-Pro766) 6×His tag |
| Molecular Weight | The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 85.7 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of CD26-His is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation. |
| Purity | The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining. |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage&Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | The DPP4 gene encodes dipeptidyl peptidase 4, which is identical to adenosine deaminase complexing protein-2, and to the T-cell activation antigen CD26. It is an intrinsic type II transmembrane glycoprotein and a serine exopeptidase that cleaves X-proline dipeptides from the N-terminus of polypeptides. Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 is highly involved in glucose and insulin metabolism, as well as in immune regulation. This protein was shown to be a functional receptor for Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV), and protein modeling suggests that it may play a similar role with SARS-CoV-2, the virus responsible for COVID-19. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2020] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |



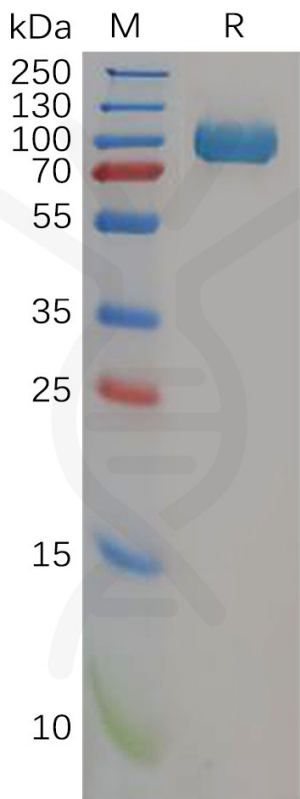


Figure 1. Human CD26 Protein, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

