

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Target</b>	CTSL
<b>Synonyms</b>	MEP; CATL; CTSL1
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant human CTSL Protein with C-terminal 10×His tag
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P07711
<b>Expression Host</b>	HEK293
<b>Tag</b>	C-10×His tag
<b>Molecular Characterization</b>	CTSL(Thr18-Val333) 10×His tag
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 37.2 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of CTSL-His is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.
<b>Purity</b>	The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
<b>Storage&amp;Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a lysosomal cysteine proteinase that plays a major role in intracellular protein catabolism. Its substrates include collagen and elastin, as well as alpha-1 protease inhibitor, a major controlling element of neutrophil elastase activity. The encoded protein has been implicated in several pathologic processes, including myofibril necrosis in myopathies and in myocardial ischemia, and in the renal tubular response to proteinuria. This protein, which is a member of the peptidase C1 family, is a dimer composed of disulfide-linked heavy and light chains, both produced from a single protein precursor. Additionally, this protein cleaves the S1 subunit of the SARS-CoV-2 spike protein, which is necessary for entry of the virus into the cell. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020]
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated



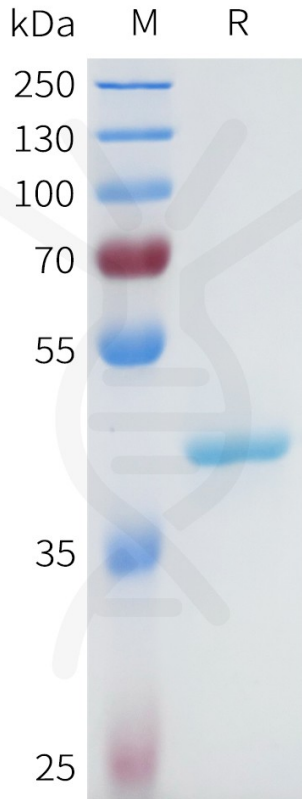


Figure 1. Human CTSL Protein, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

