

PRODUCT INFORMATION

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Target                       | G-CSF  |
| Synonyms                     | Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor;G-CSF;Pluripoietin;Filgrastim;Lenograstim;CSF3;C17orf33;GCSF   |
| Description                  | Recombinant Human Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Thr31-Pro204 is expressed.  |
| Delivery                     | In Stock   |
| Uniprot ID                   | P09919   |
| Expression Host              | E.coli   |
| Tag                          |  |
| Molecular Characterization   | Not available  |
| Molecular Weight             | 18.8 KDa   |
| Purity                       | Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.   |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 10mM HAc-NaAc, 150mM NaCl, 0.004% Tween 80, 5% Mannitol, pH 4.0.  |
| Storage & Shipping           | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.  |
| Background                   | Human Granulocyte-Colony-Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) is 20 kD glycoprotein containing internal disulfide bonds. It induces the survival, proliferation, and differentiation of neutrophilic granulocyte precursor cells and it functionally activates mature blood neutrophils. Among the family of colony-stimulating factors, G-CSF is the most potent inducer of terminal differentiation to granulocytes and macrophages of leukemic myeloid cell lines. The synthesis of G-CSF can be induced by bacterial endotoxins, TNF, Interleukin-1, and GM-CSF. Prostaglandin E2 inhibits the synthesis of G-CSF. In epithelial, endothelial, and fibroblastic cells secretion of G-CSF is induced by Interleukin-17. |
| Usage                        | Research use only  |



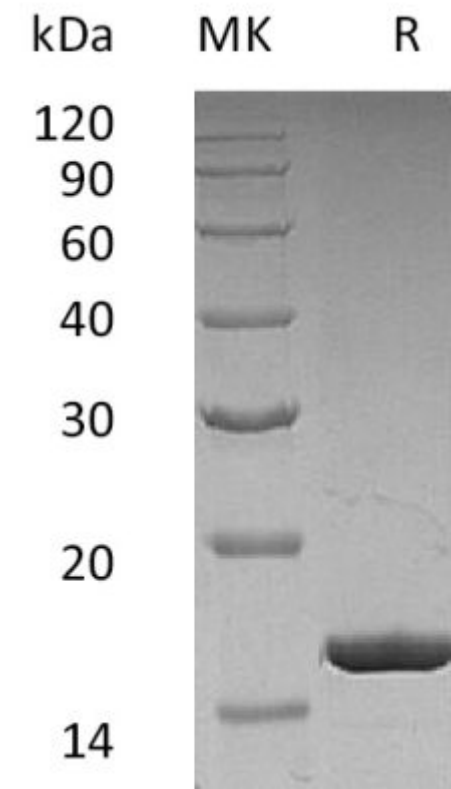


Figure 1. Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

