

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

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| <b>Target</b>                           | IL-4   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                         | Interleukin-4;IL-4;B-Cell Stimulatory Factor 1;BSF-1;Binetrakin;Lymphocyte Stimulatory Factor 1;Pitrakinra;IL4   |
| <b>Description</b>                      | Recombinant Human Interleukin-4 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding His25-Ser153 is expressed with a Fc tag at the C-terminus.   |
| <b>Delivery</b>                         | In Stock   |
| <b>Uniprot ID</b>                       | P05112   |
| <b>Expression Host</b>                  | HEK293   |
| <b>Tag</b>                              | C-Fc Tag   |
| <b>Molecular Characterization</b>       | Not available  |
| <b>Molecular Weight</b>                 | 41.9 KDa   |
| <b>Purity</b>                           | Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.   |
| <b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b> | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.  |
| <b>Storage&amp;Shipping</b>             | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.  |
| <b>Sterility</b>                        | Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 µm) prior to use.  |
| <b>Background</b>                       | Interleukin-4 (IL-4) is a pleiotropic cytokine that regulates diverse T and B cell responses including cell proliferation, survival and gene expression. IL-4 is produced by mast cells, T cells, and bone marrow stromal cells. IL-4 regulates the differentiation of naive CD4 T cells into helper Th2 cells, characterized by their cytokine-secretion profile that includes secretion of IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10, and IL-13, which favor a humoral immune response. Another dominant function of IL-4 is the regulation of immunoglobulin class switching to the IgG1 and IgE isotypes. Excessive IL-4 production by Th2 cells has been associated with elevated IgE production and allergic response. |
| <b>Usage</b>                            | Research use only  |
| <b>Conjugate</b>                        | Unconjugated   |



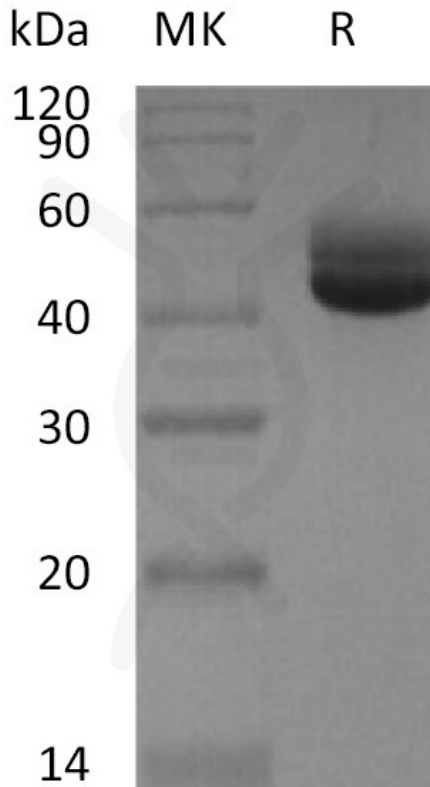


Figure 1. Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

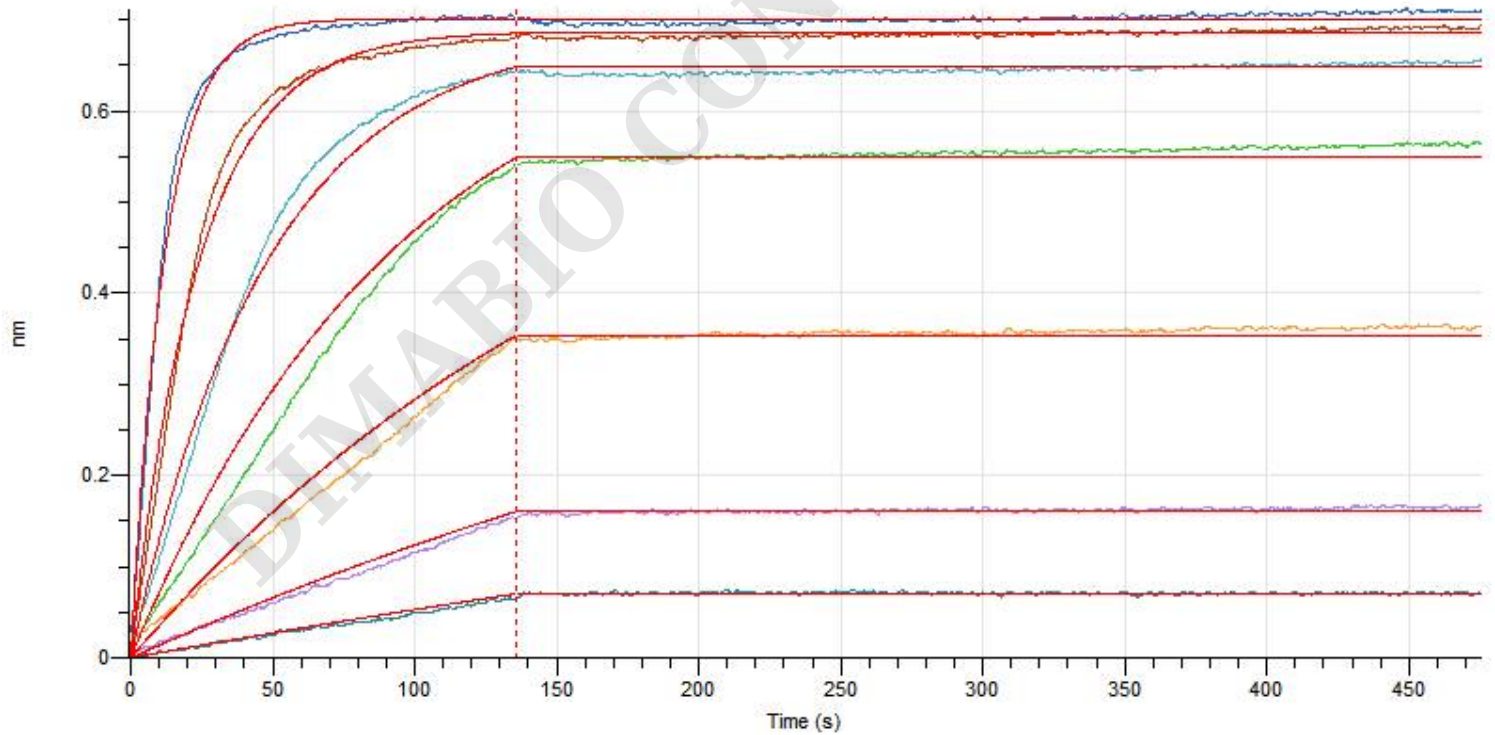


Figure 2. Loaded Cynomolgus IL-4RA-His on HIS1K Biosensor, can bind Human IL-4-Fc with an affinity constant of  $<10^{-3}$  nM as determined in BLI assay.



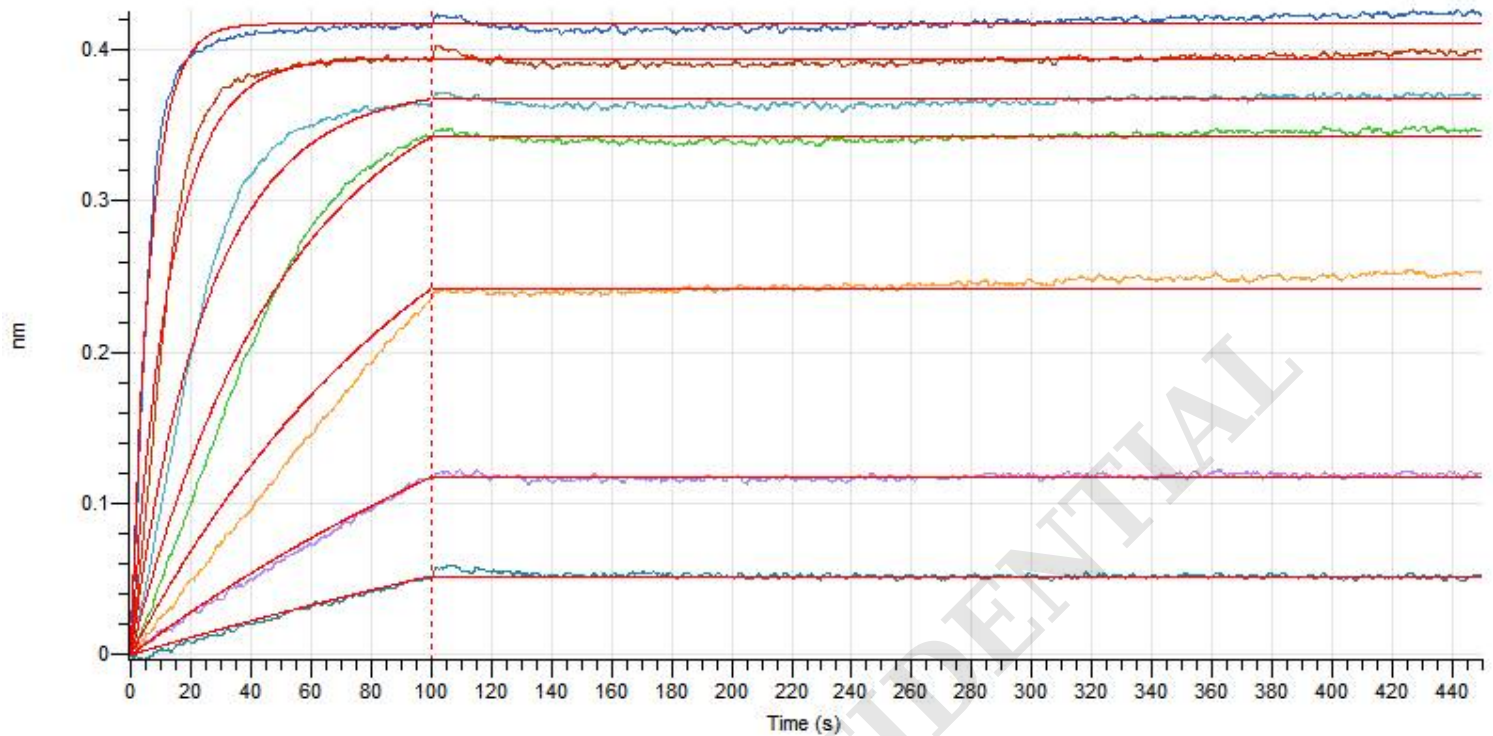


Figure 3. Loaded Human IL-4RA-His on HIS1K Biosensor, can bind Human IL-4-Fc with an affinity constant of  $<10^{-3}$  nM as determined in BLI assay.

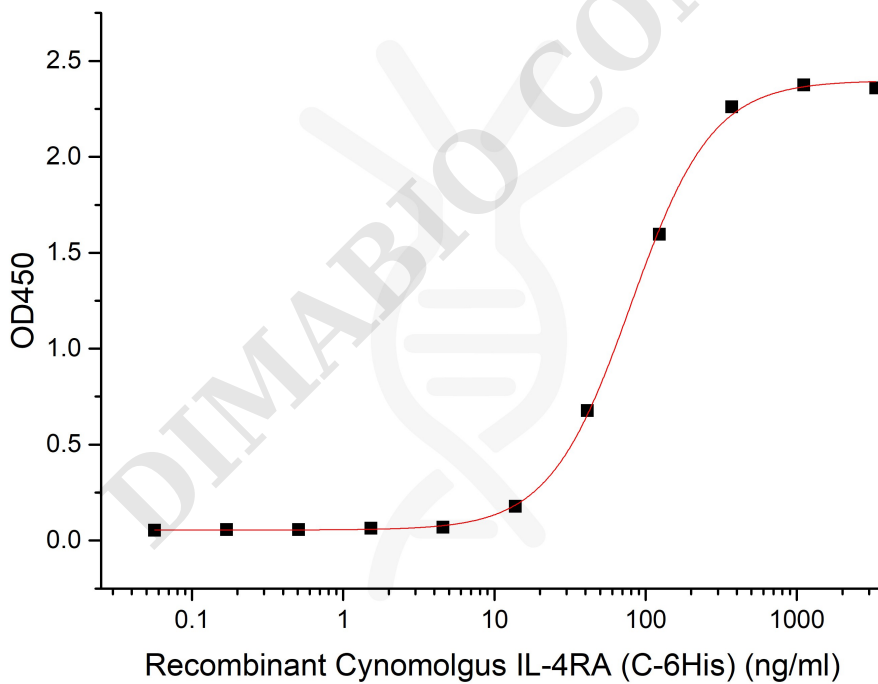


Figure 4. Immobilized Human IL-4-Fc at  $5\mu\text{g/ml}$  ( $100\mu\text{l/well}$ ) can bind Cynomolgus IL-4Ra-His. The ED50 of Recombinant Human IL-4Ra-His is  $79.49\text{ ng/ml}$ .

