

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag	C-Flag&Strep Tag
Target	OR1E2
Synonyms	OR17-135, OR17-136, OR17-93, OR1E4, OR1E7, OST529
Description	Human OR1E2-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Delivery	6~8weeks
Uniprot ID	P47887
Expression Host	HEK293
Protein Families	Transmembrane,Druggable Genome,
Protein Pathways	GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,
Molecular Weight	The human full length OR1E2-Strep protein has a MW of 36.4 kDa Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Storage&Shipping	
Background	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated

