

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Tag | C-Flag Tag |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Target | T2R16 |
| Synonyms | BGLPT, T2R16 |
| Description | Human T2R16 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Uniprot ID | Q9NYV7 |
| Protein Families | Transmembrane, Druggable Genome, |
| Protein Pathways | N/A |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length T2R16 protein has a MW of 34kDa |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution |
| Sterility | Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 µm) prior to use. |
| Storage&Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | This gene encodes a member of a family of candidate taste receptors that are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. These family members are specifically expressed by taste receptor cells of the tongue and palate epithelia. Each of these apparently intronless genes encodes a 7-transmembrane receptor protein, functioning as a bitter taste receptor. This gene is clustered with another 3 candidate taste receptor genes in chromosome 7 and is genetically linked to loci that influence bitter perception. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |

