

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag	C-Flag Tag
Expression Host	HEK293
Target	TLR4
Synonyms	ARMD10; CD284; TLR-4
Description	Human TLR4 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Uniprot ID	O00206
Protein Families	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways	Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
Molecular Weight	The human full length TLR4 protein has a MW of 95.7 kDa
Delivery	In Stock
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.
Sterility	Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 µm) prior to use.
Storage&Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	The protein is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. In silico studies have found a particularly strong binding of surface TLR4 with the spike protein of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), the causative agent of Coronavirus disease-2019 (COVID-19). This receptor has also been implicated in signal transduction events induced by lipopolysaccharide (LPS) found in most gram-negative bacteria. Mutations in this gene have been associated with differences in LPS responsiveness, and with susceptibility to age-related macular degeneration.
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated



ELISA assay to evaluate TLR4-Nanodisc 0.2 μ g Human TLR4-Nanodisc per well

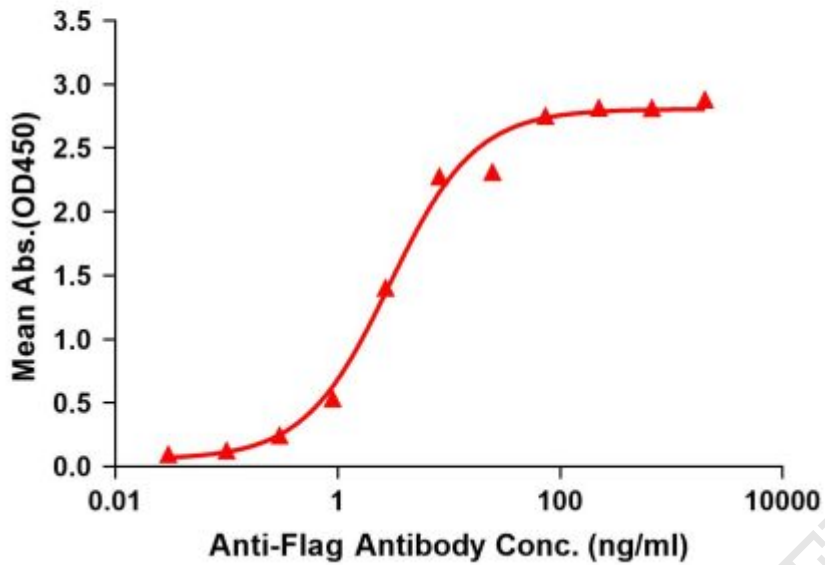


Figure1. Elisa plates were pre-coated with Flag Tag TLR4-Nanodisc (0.2 μ g/per well). Serial diluted anti-Flag monoclonal antibody solutions were added, washed, and incubated with secondary antibody before Elisa reading. From above data, the EC50 for anti-Flag monoclonal antibody binding with TLR4-Nanodisc is 2.939ng/ml.



Figure2. Human TLR4-Nanodisc, Flag Tag on SDS-PAGE

