

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Clone ID</b>	DMC276
<b>Target</b>	VEGFA
<b>Synonyms</b>	MVCD1; VEGF; VPF
<b>Host Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Description</b>	PE-conjugated Anti-VEGFA antibody(DMC276); IgG1 Chimeric mAb
<b>Delivery</b>	Under Development
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P15692
<b>IgG type</b>	Rabbit/Human Fc chimeric IgG1
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Applications</b>	Flow Cyt
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Flow Cyt 1:100
<b>Purification</b>	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
<b>Endotoxin</b>	Less than 1.0 EU/μg by the LAL method. For <1 EU/mg requirements, please contact us for customization.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Liquid PBS with 0.05% Proclin300, 1% BSA
<b>Storage&amp;Shipping</b>	Store at 2°C-8°C for 6 months
<b>Sterility</b>	Products are supplied non-sterile. For cell culture applications, dilute in appropriate medium and sterile-filter (0.22 μm) prior to use.
<b>Background</b>	This gene is a member of the PDGF:VEGF growth factor family. It encodes a heparin-binding protein; which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. This growth factor induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells; and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Disruption of this gene in mice resulted in abnormal embryonic blood vessel formation. This gene is upregulated in many known tumors and its expression is correlated with tumor stage and progression. Elevated levels of this protein are found in patients with POEMS syndrome; also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with microvascular complications of diabetes 1 (MVCD1) and atherosclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. There is also evidence for alternative translation initiation from upstream non-AUG (CUG) codons resulting in additional isoforms. A recent study showed that a C-terminally extended isoform is produced by use of an alternative in-frame translation termination codon via a stop codon readthrough mechanism; and that this isoform is antiangiogenic. Expression of some isoforms derived from the AUG start codon is regulated by a small upstream open reading frame; which is located within an internal ribosome entry site.
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only



**Conjugate**

PE-conjugated

**DIMA Disclaimer**

All DIMA recombinant antibodies are genuinely generated by DIMA Biotech. They are all under patent application. Any protein sequencing or reverse engineering attempt is prohibited. We are actively scr

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